WENJIE SUN

email: <u>12233339@mail.sustech.edu.cn</u>; <u>wj.sun@siat.ac.cn</u>; <u>wenjie1835@gmail.com</u> Tel: +86 13895591107

Personal Website; Github; Google Scholar.

EDUCATION AND APPOINTMENTS

Northeastern University (NEU)

Shenyang, China

Bachelor of Applied Chemistry

2018.09 - 2022.07

Southern University of Science and Technology (SUSTech)

Shenzhen, China

Master of Electronic and Information Engineering

2022.09-2025.07

Mohamed bin Zayed University of Artificial Intelligence (MBZUAI)

Abu Dhabi, United Arab Emirates

Research Engineer (Supervisor: Di Wang, Lijie Hu)

2025.12-Present

Major Courses: C++ Programming, MATLAB Programming, Modern Signal Processing, Mathematical Statistics, Linear Algebra, Principles of Automatic Control.

PUBLICATIONS

- Wenjie Sun, Lijie Hu, Di Wang. "The Price of Amortized Inference in Sparse Autoencoders" submitted to International Conference on Learning Representations (ICLR 2026). (Jun.2025 Sep.2025) [Link]
- Jinning Yang, Wenjie Sun, Shi Wen. "DiagECG: Discretized ECG Tokenization for Diagnostic Reasoning" (AAAI 2026). (Dec.2024 Jul.2025) [Link]
- Wenjie Sun, Zhile Yang, ..., Chengke Wu. "Sparsification and Reconstruction from the perspective of Representation Geometry" (arXiv). (Nov.2024 May.2025) [Link]
- Wenjie Sun, Chengke Wu, ..., Zhile Yang. "CauseTerML: Causal Learning via Term Mining for Assessing Review Discrepancies" published in IEEE Transactions on Artificial Intelligence. (Jun.2023 Nov.2024) [Link]
- Wenjie Sun, ..., Wenjiao Yao, Zhile Yang "Fine-Tuning Enables State of Health Estimation in Lithium-Ion Batteries via Time Series Foundation Model" published in Energy. (Nov.2023 Dec.2024) [Link]
- Wenjie Sun, ..., Wenjiao Yao, Zhile Yang. "State-of-charge estimation of sodium-ion batteries: A fusion deep learning approach" published in Journal of Energy Storage. (Dec. 2022 Mar. 2024) [Link]

RESEARCH INTERESTS

Causal Learning, Mechanistic Interpretability, Representation Learning.

RESEARCH EXPERIENCE

• Mechanistic Interpretability | Advisors: Prof. Lijie Hu (MBZUAI), Prof. Di Wang (KAUST) Nov.2024 – May.2025

Representative Work 1: The Price of Amortized Inference in Sparse Autoencoders

- We argue that there is a fundamental conflict between amortized inference-based Sparse Autoencoders (SAEs) and the instance-level optimality required for monosemantic features, and point out that the reconstruction-sparsity Pareto frontier metric pursued by current SAEs is not directly correlated with improvements in monosemanticity.
- To demonstrate the existence of this conflict, we analyze the training dynamics of SAEs under global reconstruction-sparsity constraints. We reveal an unreasonable trade-off relationship among various pathological phenomena (such as feature absorption, feature splitting, dead latents, etc.), indicating that these pathologies are not independent but rather a necessary compromise under the constraints of amortized inference.
- As a first step in this direction, we explore semi-amortized and non-amortized encoding methods. We demonstrate that they can significantly alleviate reconstruction errors and the dead latent problem, while also enhancing feature intervenability and downstream task performance, thereby providing a new direction for polysemy disentanglement.

Representative Work 2: Sparsification and Reconstruction from the perspective of Representation Geometry

• Proposed SAEManifoldAnalyzer (SAEMA), modeling SAE latent tensors on symmetric positive semi-definite matrix manifolds, revealing stratified representations in language model activations.

- Defined local and global representations, showing sparse encoding reduces feature overlap by merging semantics and adding dimensionality, elucidating monosemantic feature identification.
- Established causal link between local representation separability and reconstruction performance via geometric intervention, guiding SAE optimization under sparsity-reconstruction trade-offs.
- Intersection of Causal Inference and NLP | Advisors: Prof. Chengke Wu (Shenzhen Institutes of Advanced Technology, CAS)

Representative Work: Causal Learning via Term Mining for Assessing Review Discrepancies

- Proposed CauseTerML, a novel framework combining term mining and causal inference techniques to assess biases in innovation evaluation processes, particularly focusing on the impact of title technicality on patent authorization duration.
- •Developed TerPOSMMI, a hybrid unsupervised term extraction method that integrates statistical and rule-based approaches, addressing challenges in handling interdisciplinary and time-sensitive terminology.
- •Introduced Multi-character Mutual Information (MMI) to overcome limitations of traditional Point-wise Mutual Information, enhancing the ability to identify multi-word terms and normalize for word frequency effects.
- Time series Forecasting (Battery state Estimation) | Advisors: Prof. Zhile Yang, Prof. Wenjiao Yao Dec. 2022- Dec. 2024 (Shenzhen Institutes of Advanced Technology, CAS)

Representative Work 1: Estimating Lithium Battery State of Health by Fine-tuning Time Series Base Model

- We fine-tuned TimeGPT, a time series foundation model, to achieve high-precision state of health estimation for lithium-ion batteries, eliminating the need for complex feature engineering traditionally required in battery health estimation.
- •To enhance generalization, we utilized a diverse fine-tuning dataset comprising 143 lithium-ion batteries with six different cathode materials. The resulting model demonstrated strong performance on unknown battery domains, indicating its potential for rapid adaptation to novel scenarios.
- •Our fine-tuned TimeGPT model outperformed the majority of state-of-the-art approaches, including supervised models, when compared against five categories of neural network-based models across 12 strong baselines.

Representative Work 2: State of Charge estimation of Sodium-Ion batteries based on fusion deep learning method

- Conducted comprehensive experimental studies on laboratory-fabricated sodium-ion batteries, providing valuable datasets for research on various cathode materials under different operating conditions.
- •Proposed a novel fusion deep learning model combining BiLSTM and N-BEATS to address the unique challenges of SOC estimation in sodium-ion batteries, particularly the low voltage sensitivity to SOC.
- •Developed an adaptive fusion algorithm to integrate BiLSTM and N-BEATS networks in parallel, demonstrating superior performance compared to individual models and offering a viable solution for battery management systems in sodium-ion batteries.

ACADEMIC THESIS

Undergraduate Graduation Thesis:

NEU

Preparation and Electrocatalytic Performance Study of Polypyrrole-Derived Carbon Materials

Master's Graduation Thesis:

SUSTech

Battery State Estimation of Sodium-ion Batteries based on Deep Learning Methods

HONORS AND AWARDS

National Scholarship (Highest honor, Top 0.3%)

Sep.2023-Sep.2024

Outstanding graduate student in SUSTech. 2023.

Jul.2022-Jul.2023

2022 CAS University Science and Art Fusion Creation Competition - Second Place

Nov.2022

Northeastern University Chemistry Experiment Innovation Design Competition – Second Place

Jun.2020

Northeastern University's Annual Outstanding Student Journalist

Sep.2018-Sep.2019

Outstanding Volunteer for the Undergraduate Robotics Competition

Oct.2018

EXTRACURRICULAR ACTIVITIES & SKILLS

Interests: Photography; Basketball; Travelling; Hiking; Fitness;

Content creator: https://space.bilibili.com/416517790?spm id from=333.1007.0.0

Programming: C, C++, Python (Pytorch, Tensorflow, PyG), Mathematica, LATEX, R, MATLAB

English: TOEFL: 96, CET-6: 526, CET-4: 543.